

Estudios de Análisis funcional de variantes de significado incierto

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BioISI – Biomedical & Translational Research

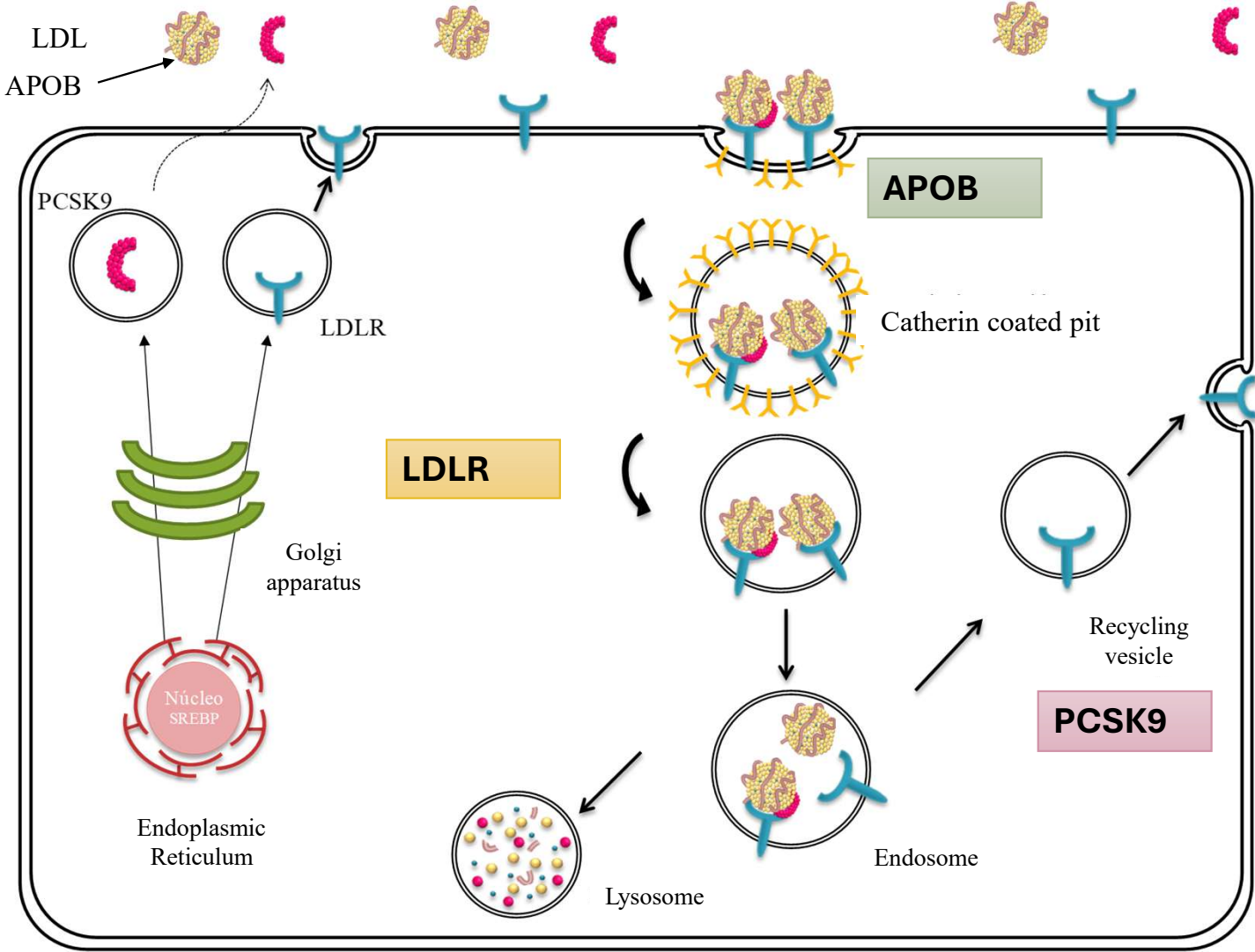
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HOW TO UPGRADE VARIANT CLASSIFICATION

- Share data between labs to increase evidence level
 - **ClinGen FHVCEP**
- Functional studies (several techniques)
 - *LDLR* Missense, splicing, promotor and 5'UTR – **construct of in vitro mutants**
 - *APOB* Missense - **Need patient sample to isolate LDL**
 - *PCSK9* Missense promotor and 5'UTR – **construct of in vitro mutants**

LDLR Cycle



3 genes causing FH

LDLR - >90%

APOB - 5-10%

PCSK9 - 1-3%

Type of functional assays

LDLR

• Expression defects

- Promotor and 5' UTR variants
- Missense variants
- Nonsense, large deletions

• Binding (+ uptake) defects

- Missense variants (eg in exons 2-6)

• Uptake defects

- Missense variants (eg in exons 17 and 18)

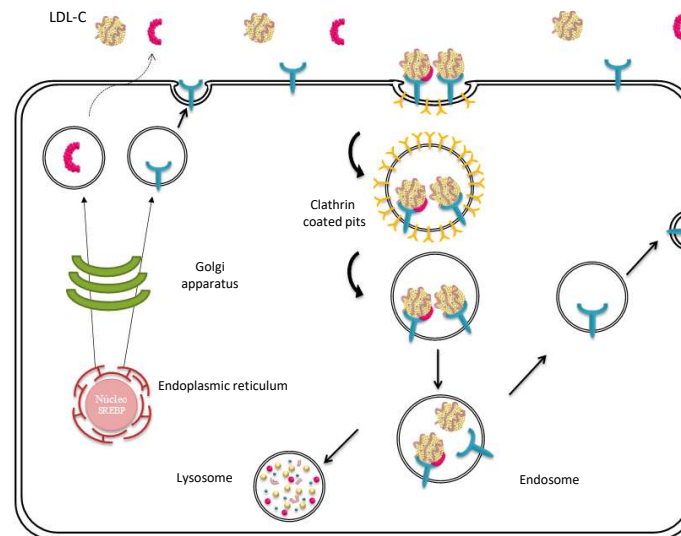
• Recycling defects

- Missense variants

APOB

• Binding defects

- Missense variants
- Stop variants exon 29???



PCSK9

• Recycling defects / increased LDLR degradation

- Missense variants

• Expression defects / increased number of PCSK9 at cell surface

- promotor variants
- Duplications of all gene
- 5'UTR variants???

??? Under investigation

Type of functional assays

LDLR and *PCSK9* – variant cloned in a vector (*in vitro* mutagenesis) and transfected into specific cells. Analysis of the whole *LDLR* cycle



Missense variants (>50% of *LDLR* variants)

Quantification of *LDLR* Activity by high throughput microscopy (DiI-LDL)

Expression

Binding + internalization

Quantification of *LDLR* Activity by Flow Cytometry (FITC-LDL)

Expression – 37°C

Binding – 4°C

Internalization – 37°C

OTHER STUDIES

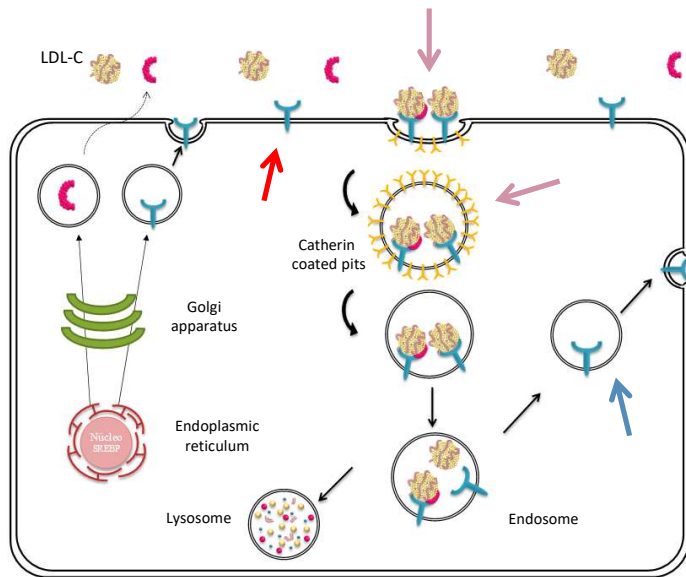
APOB – serum from the patients. Binding assay.

LDLR and *PCSK9* – Promotor assay with Luciferase

LDLR - Recycling assays. Degradation studies (pH dependent)

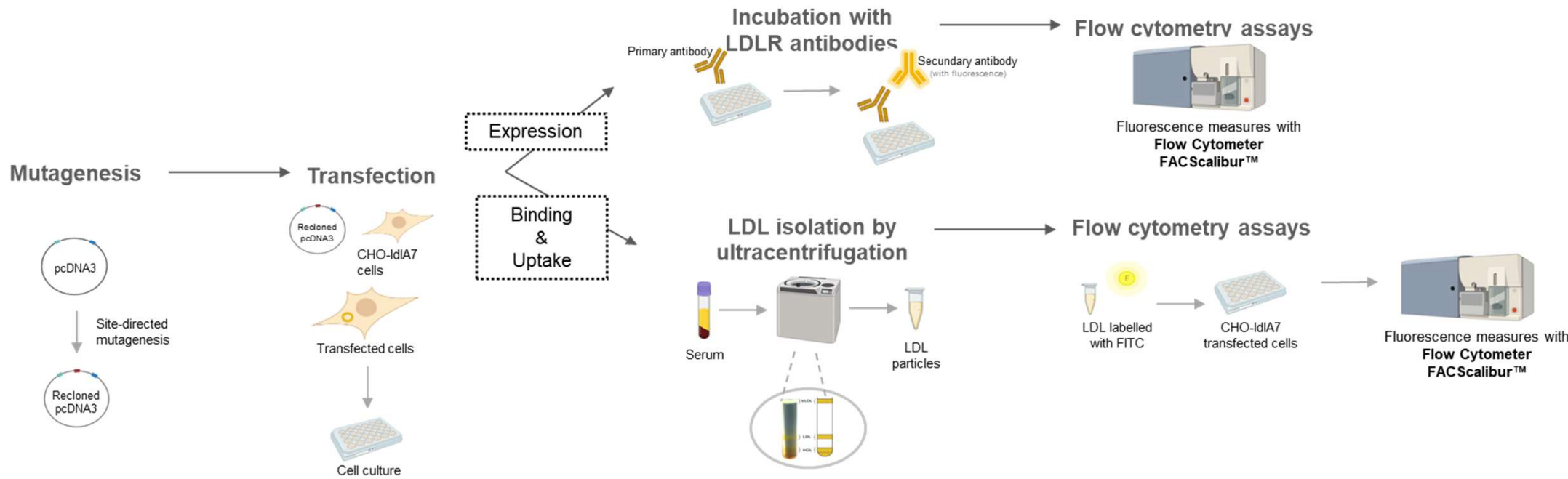
LDLR – splicing assays. Mini genes. Transcript quantification

Different *LDLR* variants



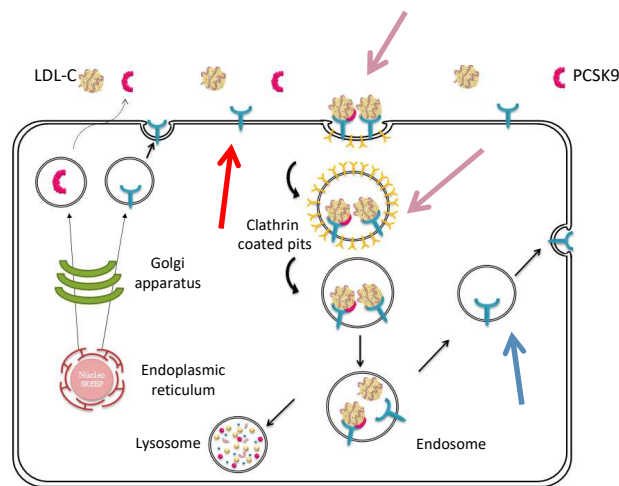
LDLR residual activity	allele type	clinical significance	Most common type variant	impact
<10%	null allele	very severe phenotype	stop variant, frameshift or large deletions	complete lack of LDLR expression or an inability to bind to LDL cholesterol
>10-70%	defective allele	variable phenotype	missense variants/ splicing/	can lead to partial defects in various stages of the LDLR cycle, including expression, binding, internalization, and recycling
>90%	normal allele	does not cause the phenotype	missense variants/ intronic/ Synonymous	no impact

Functional Studies - Missense

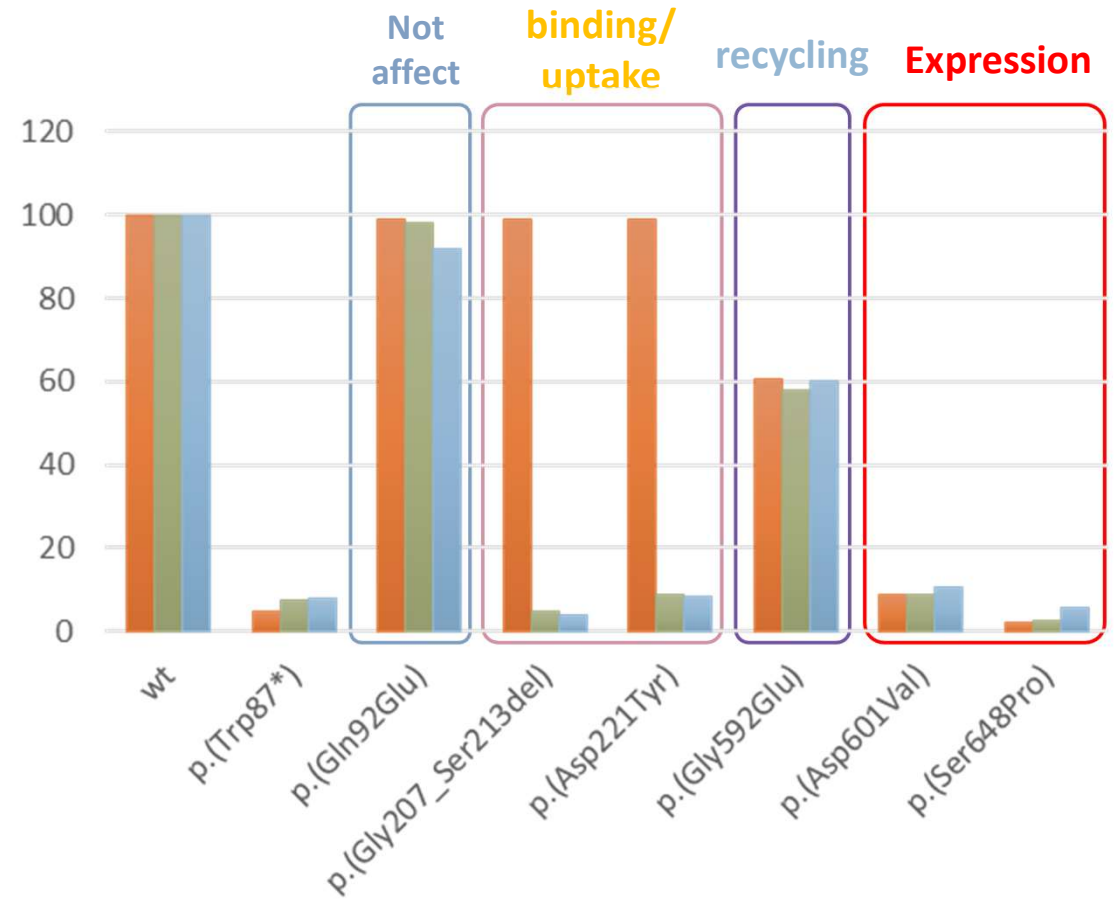


Functional Studies - Missense

In vitro model to study the *LDLR* cycle



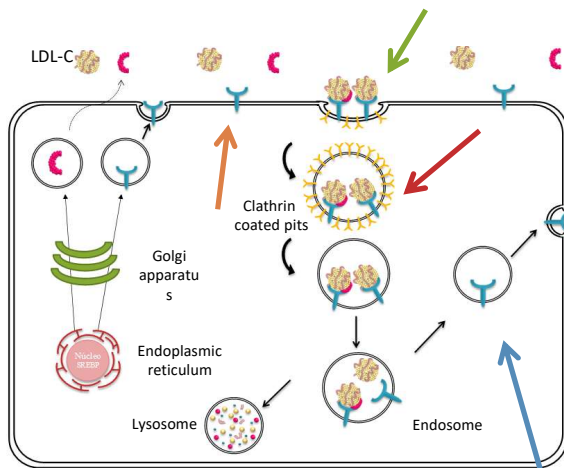
■ expression
■ binding
■ uptake



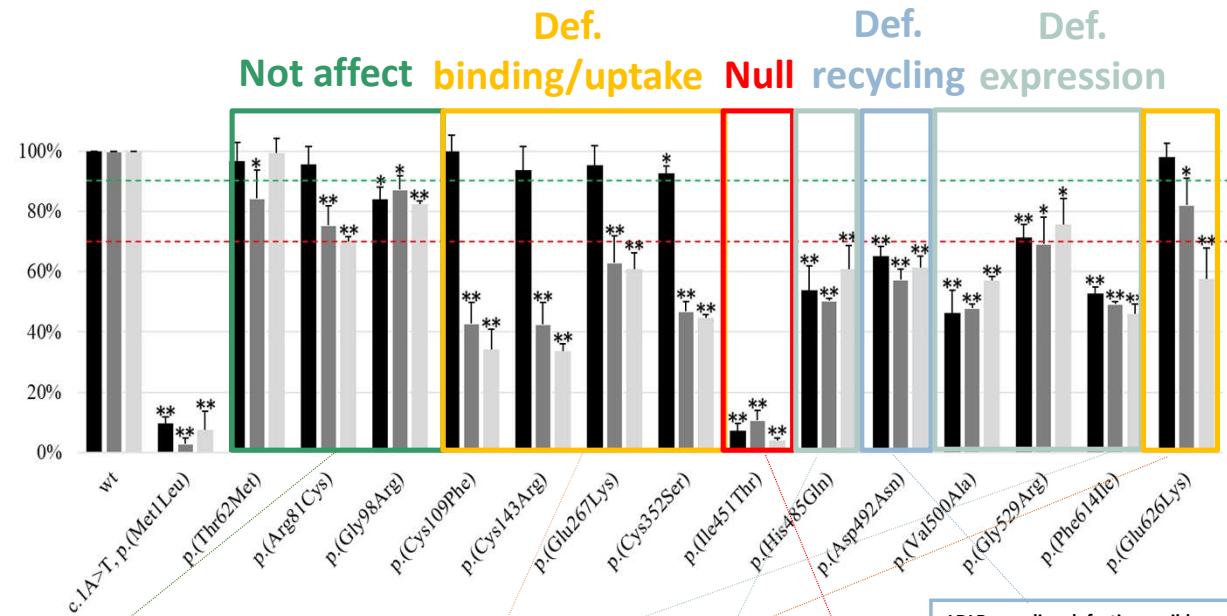
PRECISION MEDICINE FOR FH PATIENTS

Disease mechanism known for more than 30 years

In vitro model to study the LDLR cycle



■ Expression
■ Binding
■ Uptake



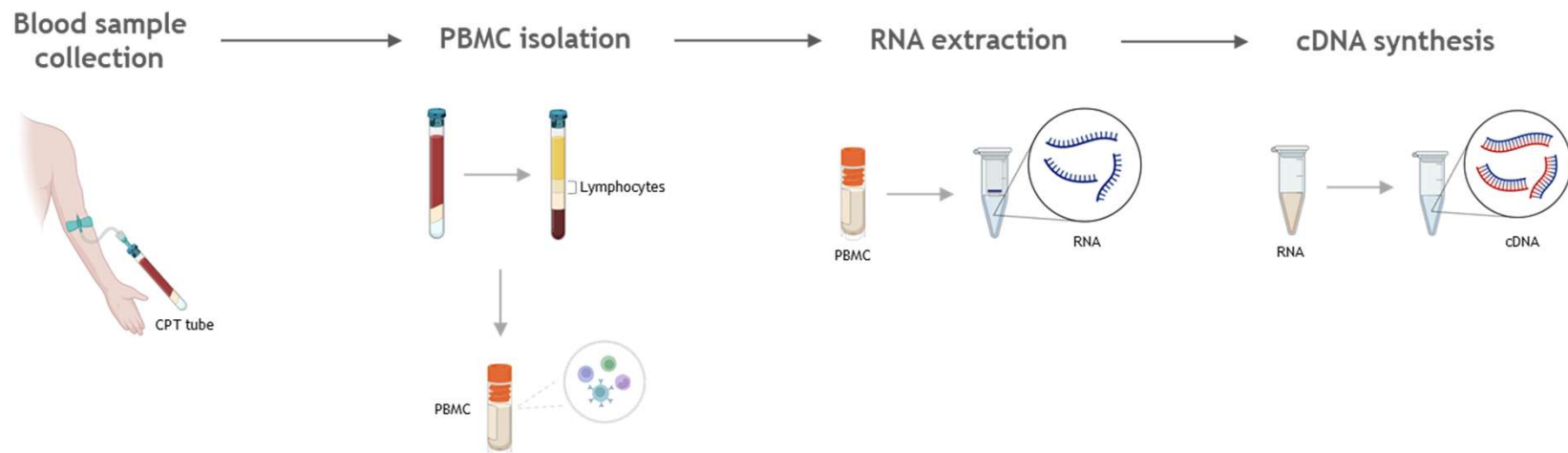
Phenotype due to others genetic/ environmental causes; treat accordingly

Protein retain some activity - milder to severe phenotype depending on %LDLR activity; Statin + inhibitor of intestinal cholesterol absorption

LDLR recycling defective - milder phenotype; statin
Residual or no protein - severe phenotype; Potent statin + inhibitor of intestinal cholesterol absorption + iPCSK9 (+ iANGPTL3 (hm))

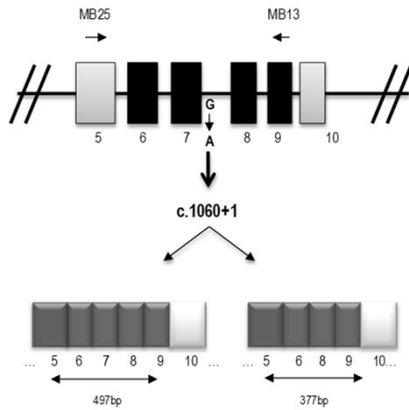
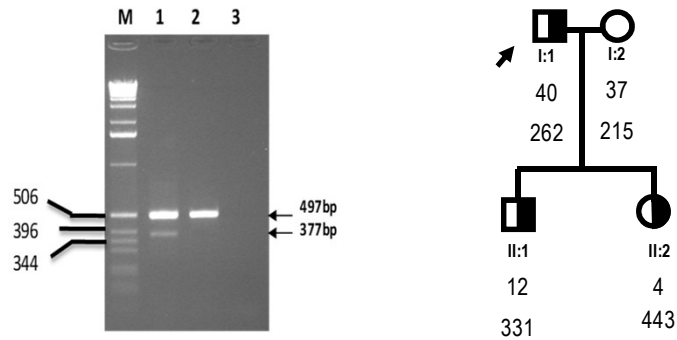
- Treatment optimization considering LDLR activity
- increase adherence to treatment
- decrease of side effects

Methods – splicing variants

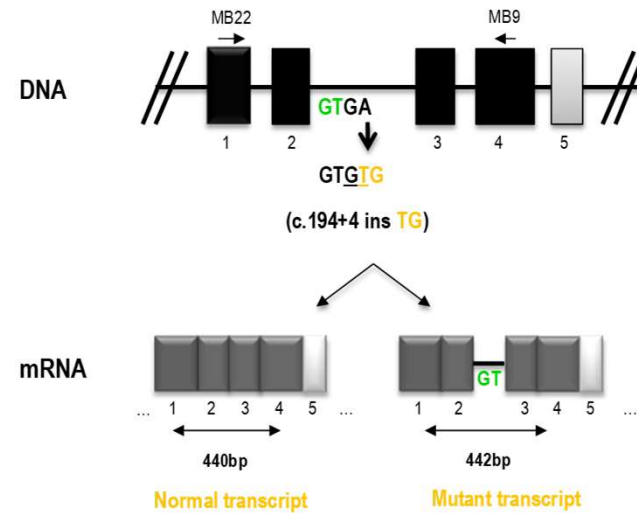
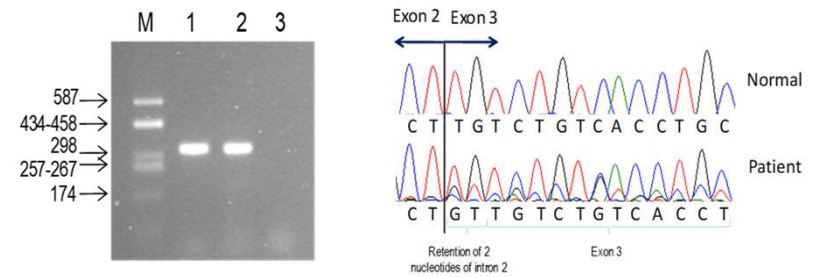


Functional Studies - Splicing

c. 1060+1 G>A – skipping ex7

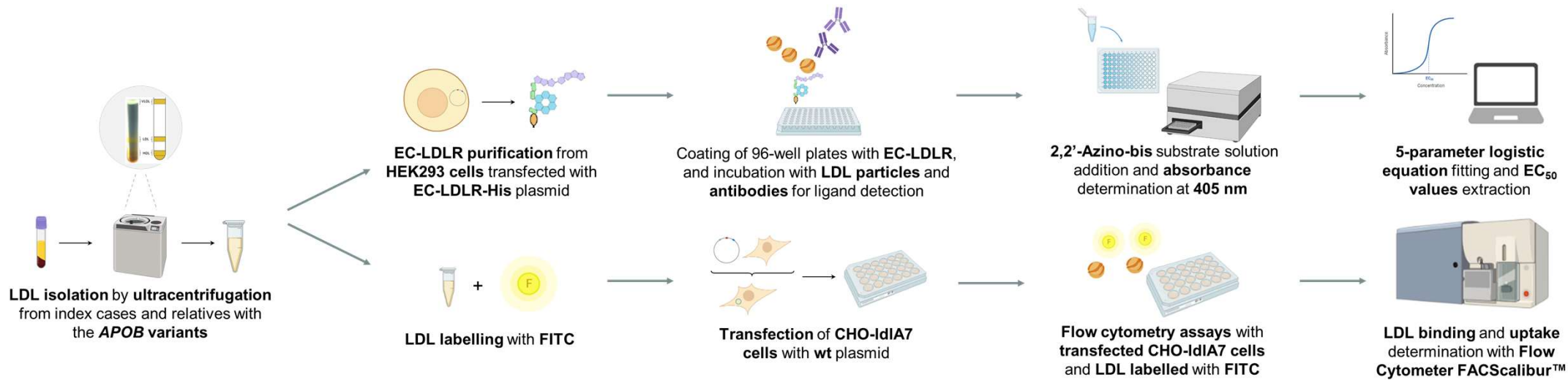


c.192+4 ins TG - Retention 2 nucleotides in intron 2



Bourbon *et al*, J Med Genet 2009;46:352–357 and Medeiros *et al*, 2010 Atherosclerosis

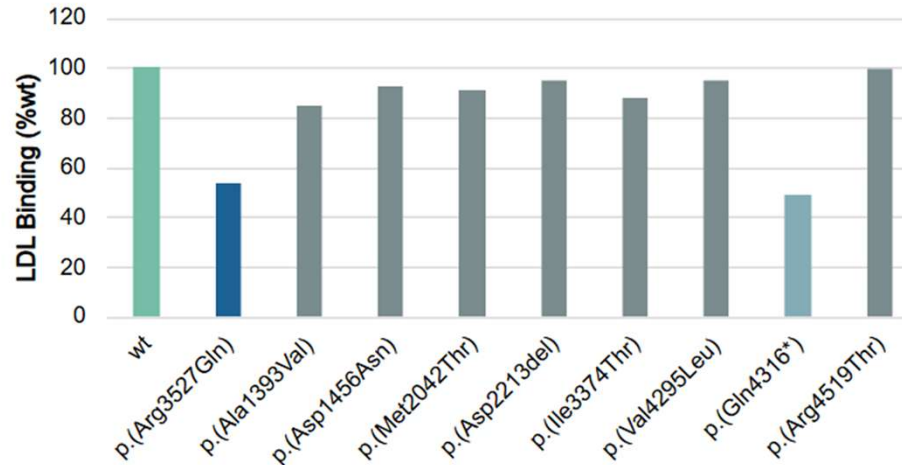
Functional Studies - APOB



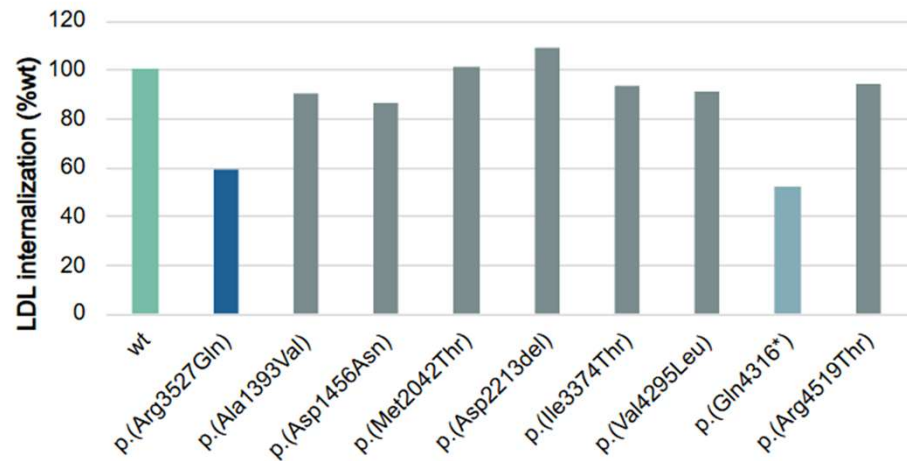
Functional Studies - APOB

Flow cytometry

LDL Binding in CHO -IdIA7 cells

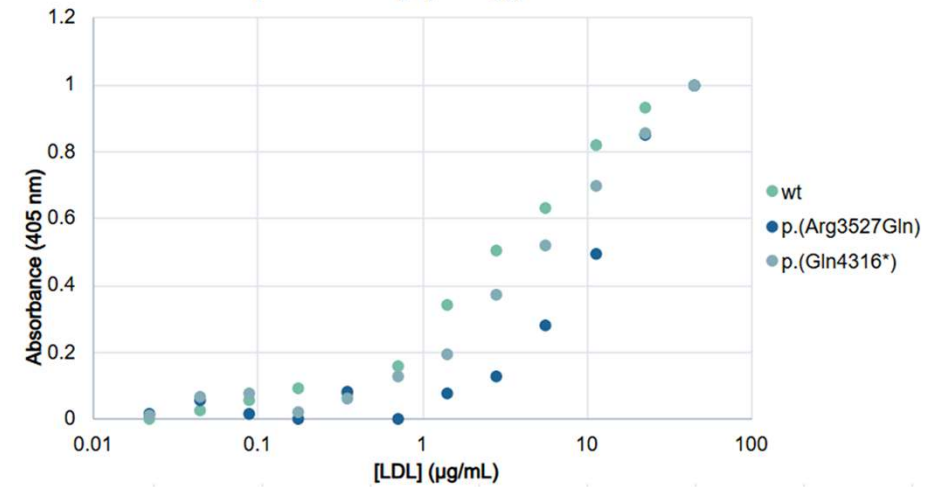


LDL Uptake in CHO -IdIA7 cells



ELISA

apoB affinity (EC₅₀) for LDLR



Functional Studies – PCSK9

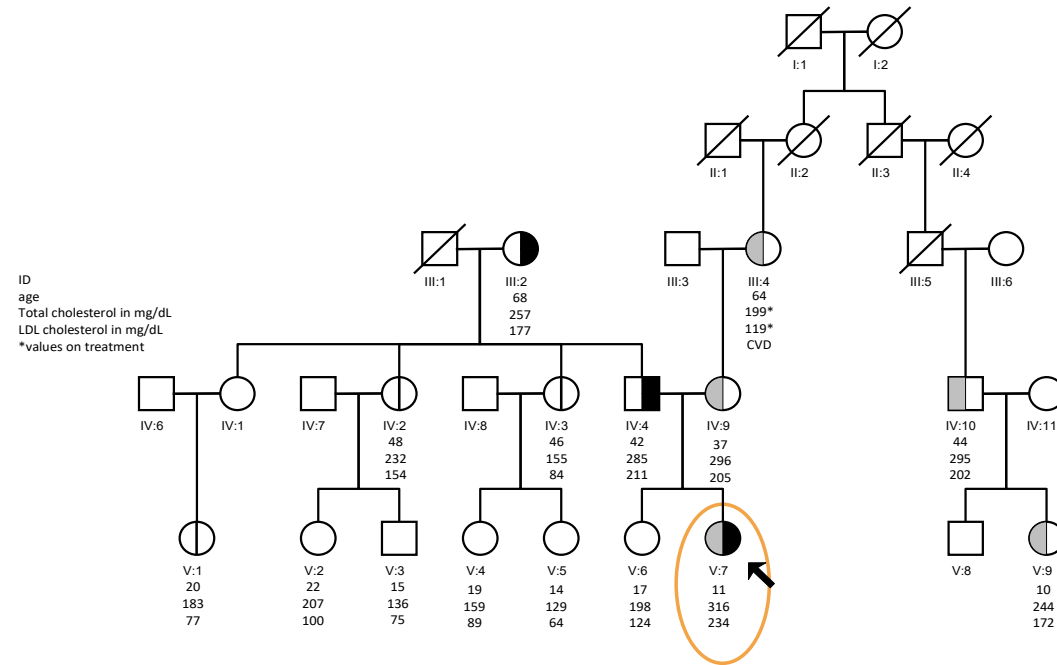
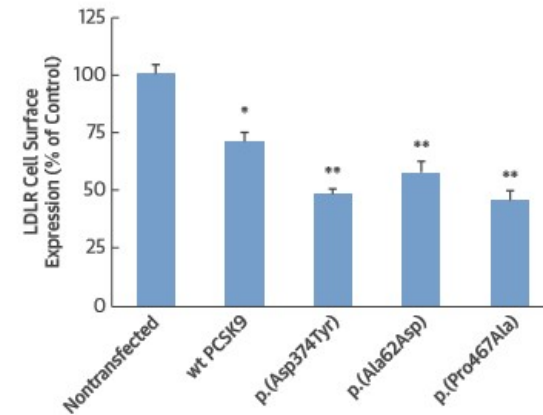
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Letters

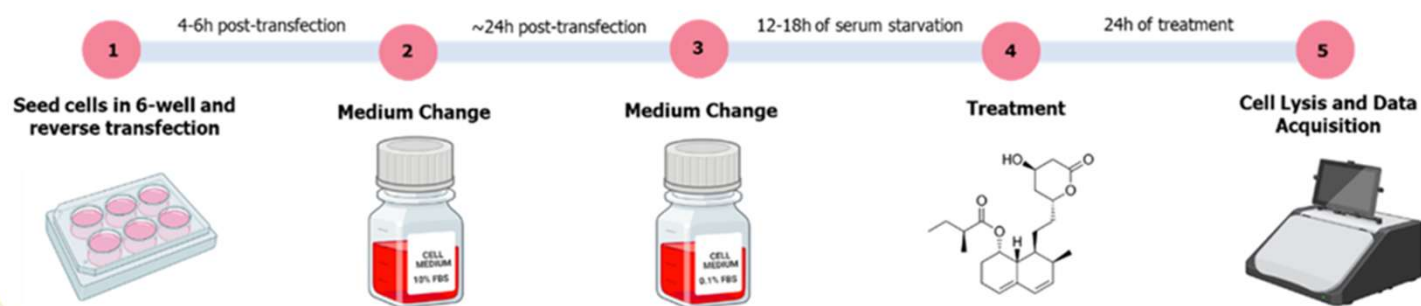
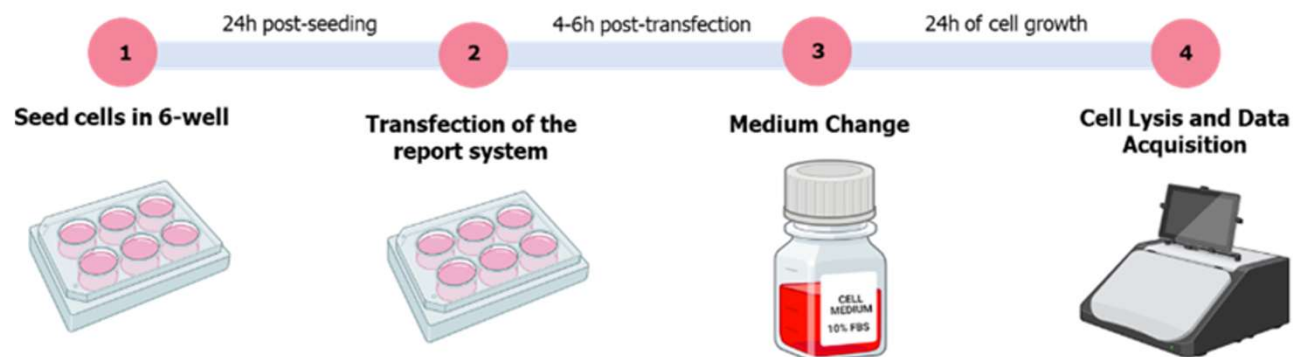
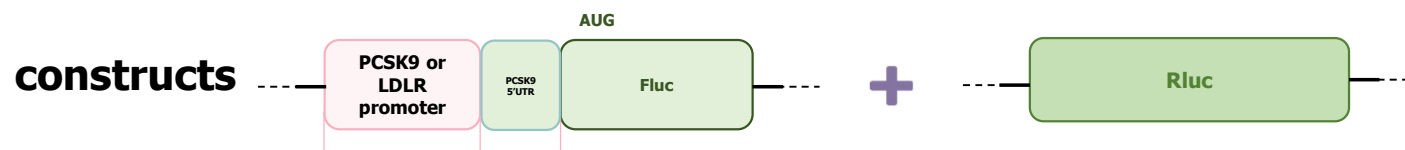
Characterization of the First PCSK9 Gain of Function Homozygote



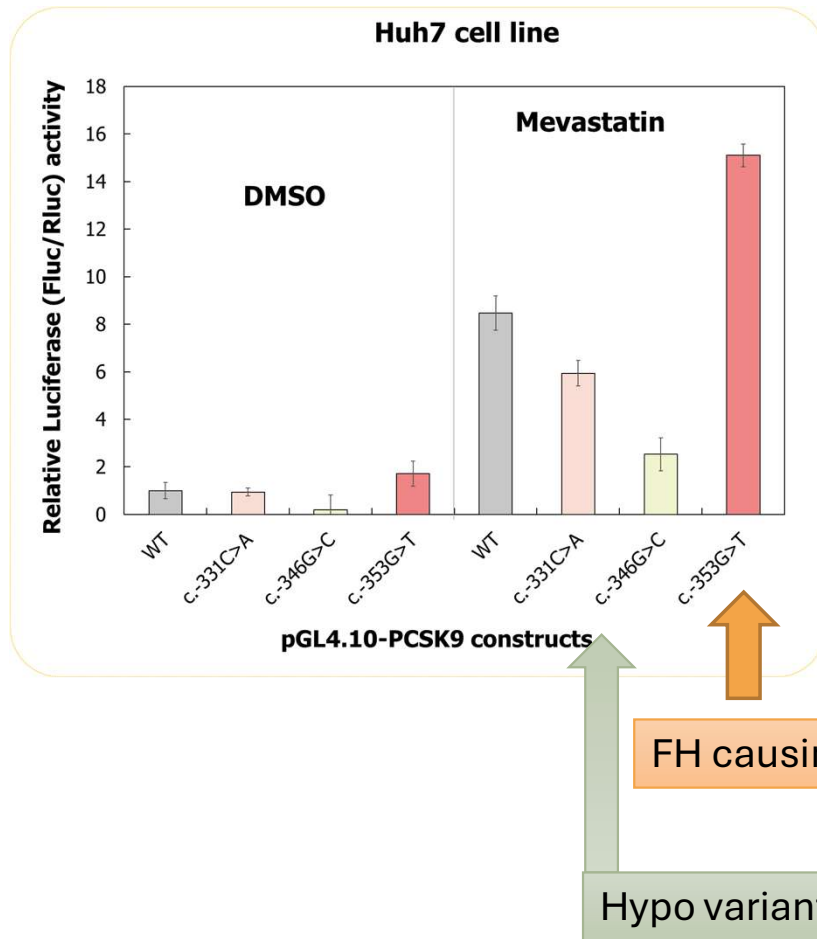
1st PCSK9 hm

-  Carriers of p.Ala62Asp
-  Carriers of p.Pro467Ala
-  individuals in whom p.Pro467Ala was screened and not found

FUNCTIONAL CHARACTERIZATION OF VARIANTS IN *LDLR* AND *PCSK9* REGULATORY REGIONS



PROMOTOR *PCSK9* VARIANTS



- c.-346G>C decreased promoter activity 30% in Huh7
- c.-353G>T increased it by 178% in Huh7

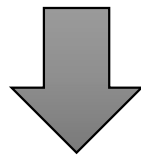
Summary

- Type of variant matters
- Type of residual activity matters

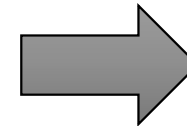
For treatment efficacy and optimization

But...

- Only 10% of all variants are functionally characterized
- About 20% of all variant are known null alleles



70% of all variants we do not know LDLR residual activity



New projects
PerMedFH
FH EARLY

Thank you!



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All participants and collaborators:



Institutions:



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